

KEY WEST QUARANTINED.

Two Deaths From Yellow Fever and Several Cases Diagnosed—The Yellow Jack at New Orleans.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Sept. 2.—Communication with Key West by the rest of the world has been cut off by orders of Dr. J. Y. Porter, executive officer of the Florida state board of health, on account of two deaths and several cases which have been diagnosed as yellow fever. The order was issued Thursday night by Dr. Porter on the report of the existence of the disease in Key West from Dr. Charles H. Sweeting, agent of the board at Key West, and sanitary inspector of the port. Dr. Porter, who left Key West one week ago on a brief vacation, was reached in Virginia and left immediately for Florida, wiring his orders to quarantine the island city. He will reach Jacksonville at noon Saturday and will immediately leave for the south, arriving at Key West Sunday afternoon. Meantime no one will be allowed to leave the island until Dr. Porter arrives.

The dead are Dennis Egan, Jr., deputy collector of customs at Key West, who was taken sick early in the week, and a boy named Cosgrove. Both were buried Friday. Five additional cases have been diagnosed as yellow fever, and seven suspicious cases are under surveillance. Those who have been declared to have the fever were named by Dr. Sweeting Friday afternoon as follows: Oakley, Stockin, Morris, Browder and Pate, all supposed to be white men. The suspicious cases are Taylor, Burgis, Cockran, Rosenthal, Shomshield, Dr. McCallahan and Mrs. E. Sudlow.

ATLANTA, Ga., Sept. 2.—A special to the Constitution from New Orleans says:

An autopsy held Friday on the body of Young F. Udolph, who died Thursday, revealed the fact that death was caused by yellow fever. The case was reported to the authorities four days ago but Dr. Murphy, of the marine hospital service, did not think the case was one of yellow fever.

AUSTIN, Tex., Sept. 2.—The state health department Friday night received information of one death from yellow fever at New Orleans Friday afternoon. State Health Officer Blunt at once ordered a rigid quarantine against New Orleans on passenger and freight business, to continue indefinitely, and all border stations were notified to refuse admission to any person or freight from that port.

MURDER IN TEXAS.

Capt. R. E. Boyle Shot and Killed His Brother-in-Law, A. L. Culberson, a Citizen of Atlanta, Tex.

TEXARKANA, Tex., Sept. 2.—News has reached here of a shocking killing at Atlanta, Tex., 30 miles south of here. Capt. R. E. Boyle shot and killed A. L. Culberson, his brother-in-law. The men had up to a few days ago been on the best of terms. Culberson was a prominent attorney, a nephew of Congressman David Culberson and a cousin to United States Senator Charles A. Culberson, and Boyle is mayor of the town. They met Thursday and had a few hot words and began fighting, but were separated. Friday they met again in front of the post office and the killing occurred. After the shooting Capt. Boyle surrendered to the officers and refused to discuss the affair.

GEN. R. A. ALGER.

The Ex-Secretary Declines to Become a Candidate for Mayor of Detroit—His Senatorial Candidacy.

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 2.—Gen. R. A. Alger, ex-secretary of war, responding Friday to an inquiry as to whether he would be willing to accept the republican nomination for mayor of Detroit this fall said:

"It would unquestionably be a great honor for any one to be mayor of Detroit. However, I positively could not think of it. I would not think of taking a nomination for mayor any more than I could think of taking a nomination for governor."

As to other political matters, including his own candidacy for senator, the general declined to talk.

ORDERED HOME.

Commander Taussigh, of the Gunboat Bennington, Differed With Adm. Watson and Relieved of Command.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2.—Commander T. Taussigh has been relieved of the command of the gunboat Bennington by orders of Adm. Watson and ordered home from Manila. He is said to have differed with the admiral as to the management of the fleet and his criticism led to the action above noted. Unless the officer, upon his arrival in the United States, should seek to pursue the matter and ask for a court of inquiry, it is likely there will be no further steps in the matter.

Fire in a Packing Plant.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 2.—Fire broke out at 1 o'clock Saturday morning in the big plant of the Jacob Doid Packing Co., which covered several acres of ground on the West river bottom, between Ninth street and Missouri river. At 2:30 o'clock the fire was under control. The fertilizing department, the engine rooms, the ice plant, the sausage department and the lard room were destroyed with much costly machinery, and other parts of the plant were more or less damaged. The loss is estimated at \$250,000.

THE DEBT STATEMENT.

There Was a Decrease for the Month of August of \$4,281,116—The Total National Debt Was \$1,157,306,555.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2.—The monthly statement of the public debt shows that at the close of business August 31, 1899, the debt, less cash in the treasury, amounted to \$1,157,306,555, a decrease, as compared with last month, of \$4,281,116. This decrease is accounted for by a corresponding increase in the cash on hand.

The debt is recapitulated as follows:

Interest bearing debt, \$1,046,048,850; debt on which interest has ceased since maturity, \$1,215,150; debt bearing no interest, \$399,395,427; total, \$1,456,509,427.

This amount, however, does not include \$601,443,509 in certificates and treasury notes outstanding, which are offset by an equal amount of cash on hand.

The cash in the treasury is classified as follows:

Gold \$317,446,960; silver \$505,059,814; paper \$58,484,240; bonds, deposits in national bank depositories, disbursing officers' balances, etc., \$81,388,867, making a total of \$962,379,882 against which there are demand liabilities outstanding amounting to \$658,027,010, leaving a net cash balance on hand of \$304,352,872. The net gold in the treasury Friday was \$248,737,971, the largest amount in the history of the government, an increase of \$577,376 over Thursday.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

Government Receipts and Expenditures for August—An Increase in Receipts Over August of Last Year.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2.—The comparative statement of the government receipts and expenditures shows that during the month of August, 1899, the receipts from all sources amounted to \$49,978,175, an increase over August, 1898, of about \$8,150,000.

The disbursements during last month amounted to \$45,523,511 as against \$56,990,717 for last August. This leaves a surplus for the month of \$4,454,662.

The receipts from customs during the last month amounted to \$30,346,097, against \$10,249,699 for August, 1898; from internal revenue, \$24,337,039, against \$24,615,934 for August, 1898.

From miscellaneous sources, \$3,194,436, against \$1,517,973 for August of last year.

The disbursements charged to the navy department were \$4,597,963, against \$6,386,277 for August, 1898.

Since July 1, 1899, the receipts have aggregated \$98,022,451, as compared with \$85,629,516 during the same period last year.

The expenditures during the last two months have amounted to \$102,083,402, against \$130,324,193 for the corresponding period last year.

THE BOILER EXPLODED.

Three Men Were Killed and Four Others Fatally Injured—The Bowl Factory Was Completely Wrecked.

MANISTEE, Mich., Sept. 2.—The boiler in Chapman & Sargent's bowl factory at Copemish, 30 miles north of here, exploded Friday afternoon, killing three men and fatally injuring four others.

George Rice was severely, but not fatally, scalded. The building was totally wrecked, debris being scattered for 80 rods around. Water was immediately thrown on the ruins and fire prevented. Handy, who was the foreman, was found with his head blown completely off. The other men were working at the machines in the mill when the explosion occurred. All but three of them leave families. The loss to the factory will be \$5,000.

Stogie Makers Meet.

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 2.—The fourth annual convention of the National Stogie Makers League began Friday in Arch hall. Delegates were present from Columbus and Cincinnati, O.; Wheeling, W. Va.; and Pittsburgh, Clarion and Uniontown, Pa. The session was secret. Resolutions were adopted encouraging the Cleveland street railroad strikers in all lawful attempts to better their condition.

The Parnell Monument.

BOSTON, Sept. 2.—A cablegram was received here Friday from Lord Mayor Daniel Tallon, of Dublin, and Hon. John E. Remond, M. P., signifying their acceptance of an invitation to visit the United States to inaugurate the movement for a monument for Charles Stuart Parnell. The cablegram states that they will leave Ireland about the middle of October.

Unusual Fire in Porto Rico.

PONCE, Porto Rico, Sept. 2.—Heavy rains have caused an unusual freshet and the people, frightened on account of the recent hurricane, are leaving their houses and are being quartered in the public buildings. The soldiers, police and firemen worked all night.

Gans Defeated Beards.

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.—Joe Gans, of Baltimore, whipped Eugene Bezenah, of Cincinnati, at the Broadway Athletic club Friday night. The men met for a 20-round go at 133 pounds.

THIS CAT REFUSED TO DIE.

How an Intelligent Fussy Cat Stopped a University Professor's Demonstration.

Students of one of the big universities in this city have a cat that has utterly refused to become a martyr to science. Its history is another instance of the refining and elevating influence of science, says the Chicago Times-Herald.

Prof. Blank asked J. P. Morgan, the janitor to get a cat for him, as he wished to illustrate his lecture on "Respiration" by experiments upon the animal. Mr. Morgan succeeded in getting one with the aid of some small boys. When his students had assembled the professor put the cat into the glass receiver of the air pump and began to pump out the air. Before the piston had time to move more than once or twice the cat began to feel very uncomfortable, and, discovering the aperture through which the air was escaping, put her foot on it and thus corked the pipe and stopped the removal of the air.

Several subsequent attempts to carry on the experiments were alike ineffectual, for as soon as the glass cover was put over her and she felt the removal of the air the cat would put her feet over the pipe and keep them pressed there.

The students, struck by the remarkable intelligence shown by the cat, asked the professor to liberate the animal and loudly cheered her self-possession when the cat, after coolly cleaning herself and smoothing her ruffled fur, jumped down and rubbed against the legs of the students sitting on the front bench. She is now permanently annexed to the college and an object of interest to all visitors.

PLEA FOR THE CODFISH.

A Chief Cook Says This Fish Is Not Appreciated at Its Real Worth.

"If codfish cost a dollar a pound," said the chef, "it would be more universally beloved. I tell you, it is the best dinner fish known. I have tried the whitefish all over the world, but the codfish is king of them all and is not appreciated at his real worth. Cook him in any way you like and he is delicious. Even the dried codfish, picked up and served in cream for breakfast, is a fine dish. Put him in a bag, sew him up tightly and let him boil, or bake him carefully, well stuffed, and he is delicious.

"Let me tell you that when you make fishcakes you should not drown out the fish with potato. Put as little potato or other substance in the cakes as possible, and, if you want them as fine as they can be made, wrap them in a blanket of eggs and do not be sparing of the egg. You can make a tasty dish of codfish cakes if you will follow my advice. Fish cakes are considered a very democratic dish, of course, but my patron, who pays me a large salary, is as democratic as he used to be in his younger days. When he sends down to me an order for fish cakes for the next morning's breakfast he says he wants Meschutt's fish cakes, with egg. That is the order, and he is thinking of his younger life, when, as he once told me, in a basement on Broadway he used to get the finest butter cakes and fish cakes he ever tasted, 'excepting yours, chef,' he adds always. But I know that times in those days were as thousand-dollar bills to him now, and his appetite was keener and more appreciative."

An Extra Ingredient.

"No," he said, reflectively, "this isn't the mother's pie."

"And why not?" she was sharply asked.

"Because," he mildly explained, "mother's pie always had ants in it."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

THE MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 2.	
LIVESTOCK—Cattle common	3 01 3 75
Select butchers	4 50 5 10
CALVES—Fair to good	6 50 7 25
HOGS—Coarse and heavy	3 21 4 40
M and packers	4 51 4 41
Light slaughter	4 51 4 75
SHEEP—Choice	3 40 3 55
LAMBS—Spring	4 50 5 10
PLUMS—Winter	2 25 3 50
GRAIN—Wheat—No. 2 red	66 11
No. 3	65 11
Oats—No. 2	22 14
Rye—No. 2	32 10
Barley—No. 2	22 10
Provisions—Mess Pork	12 12
Lard	9 50 14
BUTTER—Choice dairy	16 12
Cocoa creamery	17 12
APPLES—Choice fancy	1 00 1 10
POTATOES—Per ton	1 20 3 10
CHICAGO.	
FLOUR—Winter patent	3 30 3 37
GRAIN—Wheat—No. 2 red	60 11 72 14
No. 3	59 11 71 14
COYEN—No. 2	60 11 71 14
OATS—No. 2	22 14
BARLEY—No. 2	22 10
RYE—No. 2	32 10
WHEAT—No. 2	66 11
WHEAT—No. 3	65 11
BALTIMORE.	
FLOUR—Winter patent	3 30 3 37
GRAIN—Wheat—No. 2 red	60 11 72 14
No. 3	59 11 71 14
COYEN—No. 2	60 11 71 14
OATS—No. 2	22 14
BARLEY—No. 2	22 10
RYE—No. 2	32 10
WHEAT—No. 2	66 11
WHEAT—No. 3	65 11
INDIANAPOLIS.	
FLOUR—Winter patent	3 30 3 37
GRAIN—Wheat—No. 2 red	60 11 72 14
No. 3	59 11 71 14
COYEN—No. 2	60 11 71 14
OATS—No. 2	22 14
BARLEY—No. 2	22 10
RYE—No. 2	32 10
WHEAT—No. 2	66 11
WHEAT—No. 3	65 11
LOUISVILLE.	
FLOUR—Winter patent	3 30 3 37
GRAIN—Wheat—No. 2 red	60 11 72 14
No. 3	59 11 71 14
COYEN—No. 2	60 11 71 14
OATS—No. 2	22 14
BARLEY—No. 2	22 10
RYE—No. 2	32 10
WHEAT—No. 2	66 11
WHEAT—No. 3	65 11

RATTLESNAKE EATER.

A Georgia Negro Who Captures and Sells the Reptiles Sometimes Makes a Real of Them.

Moses Henderson is a sable son of Africa and lives two miles from Americus in a rocky field where rattlesnakes are most plentiful, says the Savannah News. Moses makes a living by capturing snakes and selling them. This is the truth, strange as it may seem. One day lately he killed a large one with 11 rattles on it. This was a fat snake and Moses ate it. The other day he brought a very large snake to the city, trying to sell it. There were 23 rattles on it. The snake was very poor, and Moses said it would not do to eat, and he stuffed it and sold it for a good price. Every year Moses makes a good deal of money selling snake oil. He says right down the vertebrae of a rattlesnake is a fatty streak of flesh that makes an oil, when fried, that will cure any case of rheumatism. It is strange to how many people he sells this rheumatic snake oil. He has a long list of certificates from people he has cured. Some of them are from intelligent whites, who declare that the oil has cured them when all other remedies have failed. He sells a vial of the oil for one dollar and guarantees a lasting cure.

Moses says his father was an African voodoo doctor and taught him how to cure all aches and pains with snake oil. The negroes of Sumter county venerate and fear him as a mysterious doctor who can cure when all else fails, and look upon his snake oil as something enchanted.

THE INDIAN TERRITORY.

A Missouri Woman Suggests That When It Becomes a State It Shall Be Called Jefferson.

Mrs. Robert H. True, of Clinton, Mo., writes to the St. Louis Republic suggesting that when the Indian territory shall become a state it be admitted to the union under the name of Jefferson. She says:

"I have made the suggestion to several prominent citizens of the territory in my recent trip through that important section, and they view the proposed name of Jefferson with enthusiasm. They think it would be acceptable to the entire territory thus to honor the memory of Thomas Jefferson, under whose direction the Louisiana purchase was made. Jefferson's name is forever associated with the history of the central state.

"Since the purchase of the original territory of Louisiana in 1803, many states have been formed, numbers of which have been named for individuals who have achieved greatness. No state has been named in honor of Jefferson, who opened and closed the negotiations for the purchase. The only remaining portion of the purchase in the union is the part known as the Indian territory. Progress will demand that a state be formed of this territory.

"The only opportunity of honoring Jefferson by naming a part of the original purchase for him is in naming Indian territory 'Jefferson' when it is made a state."

ROCKING BEAUTIFIES WOMEN.

How an English Scientist Accounts for the Symmetry of American Limbs.

The rocking chair, according to an English scientist over here for the purpose of writing a book of travels, deserves even a higher place in American esteem than it now holds, for it is responsible, this eagle-eyed observer claims, for one of the greatest beauties of the American women, the beauty of her lower limbs, says the Philadelphia Record. "If you will think," he said at a dinner party the other night at Atlantic City, "if you will think of the exercise one gets on a rocking chair, you will see that I am right. How many times, on these broad, wind-blown piazzas, does a young woman rock herself in her chair in the course of a morning? In fancy it would take a calculating barber to tell you that. At any rate, the exercise she gets is excellent and ample. That push which the toes gives to keep the chair in motion, repeated and repeated, makes the instep high, the calf round and full, and it keeps misshapen flesh off the ankle, keeping the ankle delicate and slender. Such delicate ankles under such robust calves made me fear, when I first came down and saw your women in their bathing dresses that the pneumatic stocking, so popular in my own land, had gotten a foothold here. I am convinced now that it is not so."

Where It Rains Forever.

You can expect a shower at Panama, says a correspondent in the Chicago Record, about three o'clock every afternoon during the rainy season. The rest of the day and evening after six o'clock is delightful, and no one thinks of carrying an umbrella, but at Colon it rains all the time, and, according to the old proverb, it never rains but it pours. It is the real thing by the bucketful. It seems as if the bottom had dropped out of the sky. Colon and Panama are 47 miles apart. The rainfall at Panama is about 92 inches annually, or about eight feet. The rainfall at Colon is 250 inches annually, or about 21 feet, and the people get it all in five months, an average of four feet a month precipitation, while in Arizona they only have a few inches. It takes all the rest of the year for the people to get dry.

Modern Fable.

A general who was conducting a war in a distant island wrote to the agricultural department of his government to ship him a ton of acorns. When asked what he intended to do with them he replied:

"There is no shade in our trenches, and the troops suffer from heat. A growth of large oaks will add much to the comfort of the men in the firing line."

He would have said more, but his attention was arrested by a burst of song from a neighboring jungle.

"Ah," he sighed, "that is a round robin!"

And he walked sadly away.—San Francisco Examiner.

The New Torpedo.

A young Swede has invented a torpedo operated solely by invisible rays of light, which enables it to explode at will beneath the enemy's feet. In a like subtle manner Hostetter's Stomach Bitters attacks and conquers all stomach troubles. When a sufferer from constipation or dyspepsia or liver complaint takes the Bitters he is sure of one thing, sooner or later, and that is cure. See that a private Revenue Stamp covers the neck of the bottle.

Rule That Works Both Ways.

"I have frequently observed," said the vegetarian, "that when a man lives on beef he becomes something like an ox; if he eats mutton he looks sheepish, and if he eats pork the chances are he will grow swinish."

"Perhaps you are right," said the turtle-fed alderman. "I have also observed that when a man lives on nothing but vegetables he is apt to be pretty small potatoes."

—Chicago Evening News.

The Druggist's Work.

There is a druggist in one of the suburban districts who advertises:

"The doctor prescribes; we execute."

"Such advertising cannot fail to appeal to those who desire to be executed."—Boston Journal.

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn?

Shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or New Shoes feel Easy. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Smarting, Hot, Callous, Sore, and Sweating Feet. All Druggists and Shoe Stores sell it, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Crushing the Old Man.

Purse-Proud Father—Can you support my daughter in the style to which she has been accustomed?

Complacent Young Man—I could, if I were contented with it, but I hope to give her something better.—Somerville Journal.

The Best Prescription for Chills and Fever is a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. It is simply iron and quinine in a pleasant form. No cure—no pay. Price, 50c.

The Noble Animal.

Trader—Don't you want to sell that horse?

Farmer—Now, I keep him extra, to haul broken-down automobiles back to town.—Indianapolis Journal.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 50c.

Tommy Tompkins—"I bet my pup kin lick your kitten." Willie Wilkins—"Well, I bet if he does he'll wish he hadn't when my kitty grows up."—Ohio State Journal.

Do not allow dealers to sell you something just as good as Putnam Fadeless Dyes. There is no such a thing on the market. Insist on having Putnam Fadeless Dyes.

People spend a terrible lot of time in getting mad, and feeling sorry for it.—Atlantic Globe.

We have not been without Piso's Cure for Consumption for 30 years.—Lizzie Ferrel, Camp St., Harrisburg, Pa., May 4, '94.

Burglars go on the principle of helping themselves, and they don't go to jail until they can help themselves.—Golden Days.

Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Is taken Internally. Price 75c.

Man has his will—but woman has her way.—O. W. Holmes.



An Excellent Combination.

The pleasant method and beneficial effects of the well known remedy, SYRUP OF FIGS, manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO., illustrate the value of obtaining the liquid laxative principles of plants known to be medicinally laxative and presenting them in the form most refreshing to the taste and acceptable to the system. It is the one perfect strengthening laxative, cleansing the system effectually, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers gently yet promptly and enabling one to overcome habitual constipation permanently. Its perfect freedom from every objectionable quality and substance, and its acting on the kidneys, liver and bowels, without weakening or irritating them, make it the ideal laxative.

In the process of manufacturing figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinal qualities of the remedy are obtained from senna and other aromatic plants, by a method known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only. In order to get its beneficial effects and to avoid imitations, please remember the full name of the Company printed on the front of every package. CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y. For sale by all Druggists.—Price 50c. per bottle.



A Letter to Mrs. Pinkham Brought Health to Mrs. Archambo.

LETTER TO MRS. PINKHAM NO. 42,311

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—For two years I felt tired and so weak and dizzy that some days I could hardly go around the house. Backache and headache all the time and my food would not digest and had such pains in the womb and troubled with leucorrhoea and kidneys were affected."

"After birth of each child I grew weaker, and hearing so much of the good you had done, I wrote to you and have taken six bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, one box of Lozenges, one box of Liver Pills, one package of Sanative Wash, and today I am feeling as well as I ever did. When I got up in the morning I feel as fresh as I did when a girl and eat and sleep well and do all of my work. If ever I feel weak again shall know where to get my strength. I know your medicine cured me."—MRS. SALINA ARCHAMBO, CHARLESTON, MASS.

The present Mrs. Pinkham's experience in treating female ills is unparalleled; for years she worked side by side with Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, and for sometime past has had sole charge of the correspondence department of her great business, treating by letter as many as a hundred thousand ailing women a year. All women who suffer are invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., for advice, which will be promptly given without charge.

DYSPEPSIA

"For six years I was a victim of dyspepsia in the worst form. I could eat nothing but milk toast, and at times my stomach would not retain and digest even that. Last March I began taking CASCARETS, and since then I have steadily improved, until I am as well as I ever was in my life."

DAVID H. MURPHY, Newark, O.



Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, No Good, Never Sickens, Weakens, or Grips, No, No, No. CURE CONSTIPATION. Sells Everywhere. Catalogue Free. Send for it.

NO-TO-BAC

Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE TOBACCO HABIT.

ATTENTION!

COMRADES, are You Ready to Attend the

33d ANNUAL ENCAMPMENT

G. A. R.

—AT—

PHILADELPHIA,

September 4-9, 1899

CHEAP RATES VIA

"BIG FOUR ROUTE"

AND CONNECTIONS.

Tickets will be on sale September 1, 2, 3 and